

Campbell Interurban Press

VOLUME 22, No. 13

CAMPBELL, SANTA CLARA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1916

A FEW SPECIALS

Kaureli—A Hot Tomato Sauce	5c
Kwikserve—Another hot Tomato sauce	5c
Concentrated Tomato,—a few cans only	5c
Gebhardt's—Genuine Mexican Frejolas	10c
Gebhardt's—Spaghetti and Chili with Cheese	10c
Gebhardt's—Rice with Chili	10c
Gebhardt's—Chili Con Carne	10c
Tea Garden—Peanut Butter	10c
Lippincott's—Apple Butter	10c
Dixie Style—Sweet Pickles	10c
Del Monte—Pumpkin for pies	10c
Hillsdale—Pineapple	10c
California Home—Dill Pickles	15c
Burnham and Morrills—Fish Flake	10 and 15c
Cornado—Abalone	15c
Everyready—Raviola	15c
All good quality, and put up in sanitary cans.	

Farmers Union Branch

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS

The vaults of this bank are especially designed for the protection and safekeeping of your valuables, such as Jewelry, Stocks, Bonds, Deeds, Promissory Notes, Insurance and other valuable papers that may be difficult or impossible to replace in case of loss.

Our Safe Deposit Boxes are of different sizes and may be rented individually or jointly by two or more persons.

They may be rented by the month or year, as preferred, and access to them may be had on every business day during banking hours.

Two keys are necessary to open a safe deposit box, renter's and our own, the latter being the Master Key and necessary to prepare the lock so that it may be opened by the key of the renter.

Patrons are afforded every facility for their convenience, comfort and privacy.

The Bank of Campbell

The English Sparrow Must Go!

The State of California is after his royal highness.

So are the boys and some of the Men of Campbell. The Daisy Air Gun is the best suited for his extermination.

Whitman's Hard Ware

CAMPBELL GARAGE

E. W. PRESTON, Prop.

Sub-Agent

Harley-Davidson Motorcycles & Smith Motor Wheels

Automobile, Motorcycle and Bicycle Sundries & Repairing

All Work Guaranteed

A Full Line of Republic TIRES and TUBES
FISHING TACKLE

Automobile Oils, Greases and Gasoline

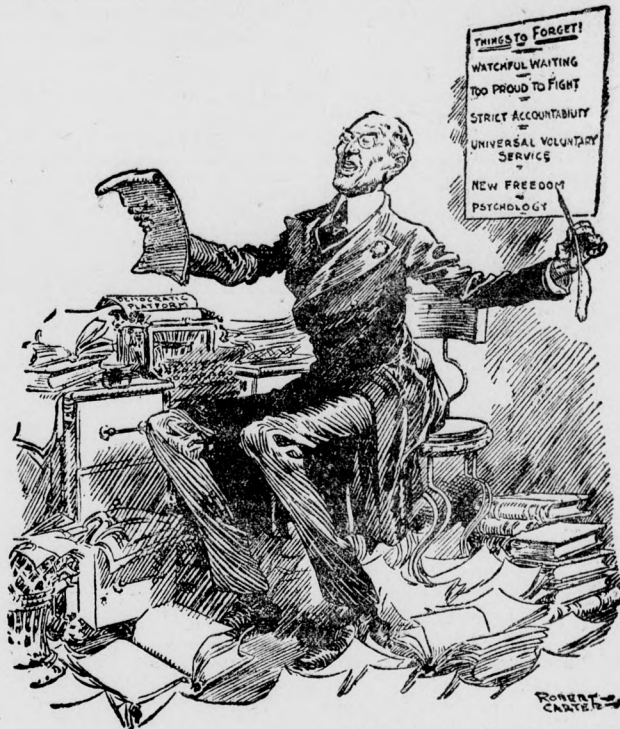
91 W. Campbell Ave.

Phone: Campbell 21

We will have a full line of School Books, Tablets, Pencils, Mechanical Drawing Sets, Ink, Paste, Erasers and Everything for School.

Orchard City Drug Co

Advertise in the Press



—Carter in New York Evening Sun.
THINGS TO FORGET.

Local and Personal

Quality stationery at Smith's.
School Shoes. Every pair solid leather throughout, for Boys, for Girls.
E. E. SOWER.

H. A. Brown of Santa Clara road is enjoying our good roads in a new Overland.

Uncle Ed. says, "Prunes are worth a 6-cent basis, and don't sell for less, Friends."

Mrs. Martha Wade, who has spent the summer travelling and visiting in the East returned yesterday.

The first regular meeting of the Cambrian Mothers and Teachers' Club will be held at the school, Friday, Sept. 29th, at 2:30 p. m.

The Angelus Heel, the best Gum rubber heels. Satisfaction guaranteed. 50c attached. E. E. Sower, High Grade Shoes and Repairing.

Esther Call who has spent the summer with relatives in Garfield, Utah, returned Sunday evening and will resume her work in the Campbell grammar school. Mrs. C. C. Call met her at Oakland.

Clifford Feathers of class of '16, who is in the employ of the S. P. at South San Francisco was home last week nursing an injured finger, from which he lost the nail.

For Sale: Brooder houses, second hand lumber, chicken wire, rabbit drinking and feeding pens. Pure bred Rhode Island roosters. H. W. Higbie, Campbell and Johnson avenues.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Bearce and children of Morgan Hill came over Sunday to visit Grandpa and Grandma Vandergron. Mrs. Bearce and children remained for the week.

Judge Farley has opened his registration office at the library building and those who wish to change their party affiliation or have moved must re-register before October 7th.

Any men who can do carpenter work and are willing to assist the ladies in the erection of their booths for the Flower Fete, are requested to bring their tools to the I. O. O. F. Hall, Wednesday morning, Oct. 4th and help.

Rev. G. E. Atkinson was down from Martinez for a couple of days last week and called on many of his former parishioners. Mrs. C. Atkinson and Miss Minnie are planning to spend the weekend up there, when Miss Atkinson celebrates her birthday anniversary.

Mrs. Brock and Miss Bragg, who have made their home here for the past two years, with their sister, Mrs. Templeton, and family on Latimer avenue, will leave Tuesday on their return to Kansas. Later Mrs. Brock will visit her son in Oklahoma. The ladies have been very faithful attendants of and workers in the Congregational church, where they will be greatly missed.

Every one apparently is interested in helping make the Flower Festival a success. Manager Bradford and the ball team have arranged with the ladies to have a ball game Saturday afternoon, Oct. 7th, all the proceeds above guaranteed expenses, to be added to the Library Fund. Tickets are now on sale and all the fans, near fans and in fact everybody is urged, not only to buy a ticket, but attend and help make this feat of our "big week" a success. Incidentally stop in at the Hall, look at the displays and have a cup of tea or coffee, or some ice-cream. The Baby Show that was talked of for Saturday night has been dropped.

Improvement Club

Parties

The Johnson Avenue Improvement Club has arranged for a series of four card parties for the evening of the first Monday of each month, beginning in November.

Scores will be kept for the series and prizes awarded at the close, the hostess for the evening serving light refreshments. Tickets for the series will be sold at \$1.00. The first party will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Keesling, corner of Hamilton and Johnson avenues. All indications point to several evenings of pleasant entertainment for those participating.

Tickets and any further information can be obtained from Mrs. H. W. Higbie, or at the Press Office.

Grand Jury Committees

The Grand Jury for 1916 was drawn Saturday and organized with C. Everett Bailey, foreman, and W. C. Short, secretary.

At a meeting Tuesday, the following committees were announced by the foreman:

Bonds of public officials—G. W. Glendenning, F. D. Wolfe, George S. Tremaine.

Public institutions—W. F. Blakeslee, F. J. O'Connell, Massey Thomas.

County offices—Fred Doerr, A. D. Campbell, H. C. Smith.

Finance—W. K. Vickery, Alfred Seale, Charles J. Kuhn.

Jail—W. F. Hyde, E. F. Eastman, W. H. Dexter.

Grievance and public morals—Thomas C. Carroll, James D. Farwell, C. Everett Bailey.

Duty First—Register.

Mrs. P. G. Keith of Berkeley is spending the week here.

Rufus Preston was over from Watsonville last week for a few days.

The Rev. Wm. Eckles will enter upon his pastorate at the Congregational church Sunday morning.

The Pundita Circle will begin its seasons work, Wednesday, Oct. 4th, meeting with the president, Mrs. Toles.

T. L. Mendel was one of twelve, who were granted their final naturalization papers by Superior Judge J. R. Welch, Monday.

Geo. W. Page returned the first of the week from Coalinga where he had put down a pumping plant, his second in that vicinity.

W. T. Alexander will erect a modern bungalow on his ranch on Casey road this fall. The basement is under way and carpenter work will be begun soon.

Miss Alice Naramore, who assisted at the Sargent-Parso wedding, was the guest last week of Mr. Sargent and Miss Mary Lewis. She left Monday for San Jose and Oakland.

The framework of the new grammar school is now up and one can get a good idea of the size of the building. A payment of \$300 has been made as the first stage of construction called for in the contract has been passed.

A. G. Williams and son, Worthin, who were joined by Mrs. John Gratton, have been visiting the Atlantic and New England States. They visited Vermont, Mr. Williams' birthplace, and probably went on into Maine, which is one of the four states of the Union that Mr. Williams has not previously visited.

Wherever Hens Cackle and Roosters Crow

on the American Continent the name of Pratt is as standard as sterling on silver.

When your hens are saying "Cut-cut-cut-k'daw-cut" every-day or so, when they are well and happy and productive; then they don't need Pratt. But when the hens are moping around the yard shedding feathers, when they look pale-combed, dispirited, and unhappy; then they need Pratt. Your hens are not making much noise these days, but by their silence they are saying "Pratt" just as hard as they know how.

Pratt's Poultry Regulator helps the hens through moulting season. It comes in three sizes 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

Blaine's
GENERAL MERCHANDISE



We handle nothing but the very best Government Inspected Meats

Campbell Market

Campbell California

A. S. Gilson, Prop.

Our Meats are good

Campbell Lumber Co.

W. T. MORTON, Prop.

PHONE 131

Lumber & Mill Work Lime, Cement Etc.
Campbell, Cal.

BREAD

Save Money by Buying Tickets

6 Loaves 25c

Phone your orders to phone 3L

Campbell Bakery

Christian Science Services

in Odd Fellows' Hall every Sunday morning, at 11 o'clock. Subject for September 24th, is "Reality." Sunday-school at 9:45. The public is cordially invited.

Campbell School of Music

Jos. Halamicek, Director

Piano, Violin, Vocal, Cello and Harmony

B. O. Curry Bld'g. Phone: Campbell 18F12

Now is the time to have H. C. Smith send in your subscription for magazines.

Messrs. E. R. Kennedy, S. G. Rodeck and G. S. Peterson made a business trip to Watsonville Tuesday.

The W. C. T. U. will meet with Mrs. R. W. Kennedy, on Santa Clara-Los Gatos road, Wednesday, October 4th, 7:30 P. M. Election of officers for the year. A good attendance is desired.



MILK is either pure or impure. There are no "degrees" of purity.

You need it—we sell it.
We use

The San Jac Seal
—IT KEEPS MILK PURE—

It ably protects the milk—pure when it enters the bottle—from shifting dust, contact with finger or fork and from all germs.

The San Jac Seal has an ample finger hole that is not the part that touches milk, but which extends over and protects the mouth of the bottle.

Send us a postal and we will send a sample to you plain without your incurring any obligation.

Orange Grove Farm

F. O. & K. U. Bohnett-Lessee

"Quality Products"

Phone Campbell 22F4

DO YOU HAVE HAY FEVER?

Then Doubtless You Suffer Also From the Solicitous Friend—Cures by Hearsay.

I affect hay fever on the eighteenth day of every August, beginning at a quarter past three in the afternoon. Robert C. Benchley writes in *Vanity Fair*. From then until September 20, along about ten o'clock at night, my friends are never at a loss for a merry laugh or a jocund remark about my appearance. I am not a proud man, but I have sensibilities. I therefore have a personal interest in all alleged hay fever reliefs.

But hay fever cures always come secondhand — by hearsay. Someone snuggles up to you and says: "Oh, do you have hay fever?" (to which the Goldbergsian answer would be, "No, I paint my nose and eyes red every day to frighten the gypsy moths away") and then, with an air of purveying diplomatic secrets they confide that they have "a friend who used to have hay fever, oh, terribly; couldn't breathe, and all that sort of thing, you know; and someone told him of this kind of powder arrangement which you snuff up your nose and then hold your head under water for a minute or two, and, do you know, he's never had a touch of hay fever since he tried it." And if you'd like, they'll ask their friend where to send for it, and they take your telephone number so that they can let you know all about it. Only if you are hardened to the type, you give them the number of the zoo, or the aquarium, or something impersonal like that, for the chances are that when they do call you up it will be to suggest an addition to your life insurance policy.

It's mighty funny that you never run across the original friend in the first place. No one ever steps right up to you like a man says in so many words, "This has cured me of hay fever," pointing the while at a clearly labeled bottle.

Curious Indian Game Traps.

The discovery of the manner in which the prehistoric Indians of the southwest obtained their meat supply was made recently by Washington scientists during an investigation around the plateau of the Pajarika park, near Santa Fe, where a number of game traps were found.

It is believed that the discovery of these traps indicates that the southwestern Indian of prehistoric times was far more intelligent than his brother of the North.

The traps are holes cut in lava rock at places where the poisonous gases make their way through to the surface. They are ingeniously arranged to suggest a cavern in which an animal may hide.

Animals running from their foes see one of these traps and dive into it. Almost instantly they are suffocated by the gas. This manner of death does not destroy their value as food.

Peeling Onions for Living.

The profession of onion peeling is not one that obtains much notice, yet there are at least five hundred women in the East end of London earning their living by removing the skins of onions. With practice, they can make eighty cents to a dollar a day. Very often they have been peeling since childhood, daughters succeeding mothers. It is not a profession you can learn in one lesson, for the skin must be removed by hand, or the onion "juices" and is no use for pickling. The onions are always peeled in water. This is not done to save the eyes of the peeler, but is done to keep the onion white.

Honest Grief.

At the funeral of Baron Lionel de Rothschild, father of the recently deceased Lord Rothschild, a poor old man wept loudly and bitterly. "Why are you crying?" inquired a by-stander. "You are no relation of Rothschild."

"No," howled the mourner; "that's just why I'm crying."—London Tit-Bits.

Making George Happy.

"George, dear, you remember just a few weeks before we were married you said that anything you could do to make me happy would make you very, very happy."

"Yes, darling. What is it?"

"George, I really must have another new gown. I hope you won't deny yourself that happiness." — Detroit Free Press.

Agreed.

"Don't you think Mrs. Gadders a charming woman?"

"Indeed, I do."

"She has a great deal of tact."

"Undoubtedly. What did she compliment you for?"

"My wit. And you?"

"For the same thing."

"Shake. She flattered us both."

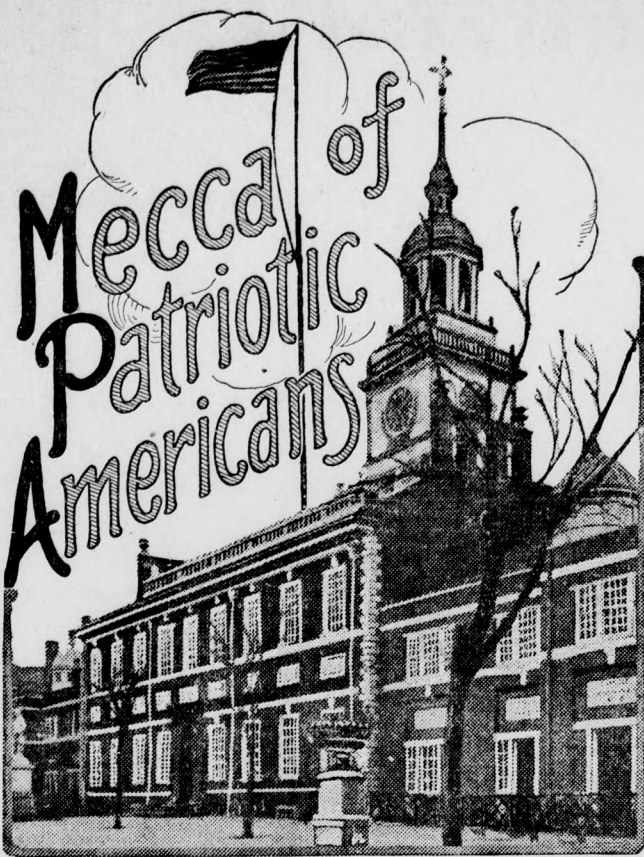
Stops at Nothing.

"A shrewd politician will take pains to keep his fences in repair."

"Not only that, but he'll take a week or two off, just when he's needed most in Washington."

British Tea.

According to English figures, the world's consumption of tea is steadily increasing and the demand for British tea far exceeds the supply.



INDEPENDENCE HALL

AMERICAN independence was not an act of sudden passion nor the work of one man or assembly, according to George Bancroft in his "History of the United States," and the declaration which was made July 4, 1776, was the climax of a long series of deliberations.

In the building which had been erected as a state house for the use of the colony of Pennsylvania in 1736 the Continental congress had sat discussing the vital matters pertaining to the prosperity of the colonies, says a writer in the *New York Herald*. Here, on motion of John Adams, George Washington had been placed in command of the American army, and here, on the most eventful day of all, the great declaration of rights and intentions was presented by Thomas Jefferson, signed by the men whose names are inscribed high in the rolls of American history and read from the steps of the famous building to the crowd waiting outside. Here, too, the Constitution of the United States was adopted.

Most Americans are familiar with the present external appearance of this "Cradle of Liberty," few know so much about its interior, which is nobly inspiring.

The land for the building was purchased in 1730 and a committee was appointed to carry on the building operations, one of the members being Dr. John Kearsley, who had been so successful with the building of Christ church.

Independence Hall First Built. The first portion to be finished was Independence hall, a room 39 by 40 feet and almost 20 feet high. The work dragged, and when the legislature was ready to occupy it the south wall was unfinished and there was no glass in the windows. The room was not really finished until 1745. The next part of the building to be completed was the judicial chamber, of the same size as Independence hall, and separated from it by three arches.

The tower was built in 1750; the steeple being added in 1753. After the revolution there was considerable dissatisfaction with the wooden steeple and it was finally declared to be dangerous and was taken down. In 1813 the wings were altered to provide a greater amount of space which was needed by the county commissioners, and in 1818 the entire property was purchased by the city of Philadelphia.

A few years later a survey was made of the tower to determine whether a new bell could be mounted upon it. All of the walls were found to be thick and staunch except for a slight crack in the wall over the arch of the large Palladian window, probably due to the great width of the window opening and its arch. This was not considered a serious objection, however, to putting up a cupola similar to the original. A bell weighing 4,000 pounds was placed in the tower and, beginning with December, 1828, struck the hours by means of a new sort of clockwork. Another bell was hung in the tower in 1876.

Not Injured by Restorations. Whatever changes or restorations have been made, the spirit of the old architects and builders has been respected and today, as in Colonial days, the state house typifies the refined simplicity and sincerity which has been left as a precious legacy. Architects take their lessons from it, and patriots take theirs.

But, satisfactory as are the proportions and the panelling, the treatment of doors and windows and the simple furnishings which leaves the interior unspoiled, there is one object, with no esthetic claims, which yet eclipses all the others—the Liberty Bell, which rang out the glad tidings that the Continental congress had dared to sign the Declaration of Independence. Parents bring their children to gaze upon it and to tell them the story of how it was cast in England but cracked in landing, so that it had to be recast in Philadelphia, when the inscription "Proclaim liberty throughout the land

to all the people thereof" was inscribed upon it.

When the British occupied Philadelphia in those dark days of the war the old bell was sunk in the Delaware, but it was brought back and hung in its old place to proclaim liberty to the citizens of Philadelphia on many Fourth's. It was broken when tolling for the funeral of the great Chief Justice Marshall in 1835.

MUNITION TOWN OF FRANCE

Le Creusot and the Immense Ordnance Factories Started There by the Schneiders.

Le Creusot is the center of France's war munition works. Like the famous Krupp works of Germany, Le Creusot's vast ordnance factories owe their origin to the organizing and inventive genius of one family—the Schneiders. At the outbreak of the war the Schneider iron works employed more than 15,000 workmen and their great shops, covering hundreds of acres of ground, were connected by a network of nearly 40 miles of railroad tracks. Since the war this plant has been enormously increased, says a National Geographic society bulletin.

Le Creusot owes its importance in the manufacturing and foundry industry to the fact that it is in the center of one of the richest coal and iron mining districts of France. The coal beds of this region were discovered in the thirteenth century, but it was not until 500 years later, in 1774, that the first iron works were established. Sixty years later the Schneiders, Adolphe and Eugene, established their first workshops here, and the little hamlet, formerly known as Charbonniere, began to grow. In 1841 it was a town of 4,000 people; just before the war there were 35,000 inhabitants, nearly half of whom were employed in the armory plants. It was one of the Schneiders, incidentally, who revolutionized warship armament in 1876. Up to that time the most progressive nations used wrought iron for protective armor on their ships. Schneider proved the superiority of steel in resisting the penetrating power of projectiles.

Le Creusot is admirably situated with respect to the French frontier, for while it is not so far from the firing line as to occasion undue delay in the transportation of munitions, it is sufficiently removed to be well beyond the danger zone. It is 135 miles, in an air line, southwest of Belfort, a fortress of the first class on the Alsace front, and is 175 miles south of Verdun.

Supplementing its railway connections, Le Creusot enjoys the transportation facilities of the Canal du Centre, five miles to the east. This waterway joins the Saone and the Loire. The former, rising to the north in the Faucilles mountains a few miles below Epinal, flows south and mingles its waters with the Rhone at Lyon. The Loire, the longest river in France, rises to the south and flows northwest into the Atlantic.

While Le Creusot has practically no historical associations of its own, it is only a few miles southeast of Autun, the famous Augustodunum of the Romans, celebrated for its ancient schools. The 62 towers and most of the old walls have disappeared, and the town now occupies only about half the area of its most prosperous days.

Wound Comparisons.

In the South African war wounds were not so severe and there was less smashing than in the recent campaign. These bullets had frequently traveled for more than half a mile and lost much of their velocity, whereas in the present war the bullet travels only a few yards.

The ordinary bullet wound of the South African war was quite small, as though it had been made with a broadawl. In the present war there is much more tearing of the tissues.

BEAT WALL STREET

THE REAL INVESTOR IS THE MAN WHO WINS.

Gambler May Make Money by Lucky Chance, but He Loses in the End —Patience Is Necessary to Success.

The man with a long vision wins in Wall street. This means that the winner must be a student of values. He must be familiar with the factors that make for or against prosperity, for Wall street is the barometer of trade. If the outlook is unfavorable to business, it will be reflected by a declining tendency in the stock market, and when conditions favor prosperity they will be forecast by a rise in the financial barometer.

I have never known one who merely "gambled" in Wall street, that is, one who bought and sold on the chance of winning or losing, who was ever successful in the end, Jasper writes in *Leslie's*. He might make money by a lucky chance, just as he would at a game of cards or throwing dice, but in the end the odds were against him.

With very few exceptions I have known of no one who invested in Wall street securities with knowledge of what he was buying who did not come out with a final profit. It takes a long headed, patient man to this, however, and patience is not one of the redeeming virtues of the American people.

Some observant financiers, including one of the ablest in the country, the Honorable A. Barton Hepburn of New York, think that they see a slight halt in the wave of prosperity that we have been enjoying by reason of the war abroad. They fear a marked but temporary subsidence of this wave on the conclusion of peace, which may not be far off. Observers also think that in some lines of business promotion of new securities has been overdone and that the mass of "indigestible securities," as the late J. P. Morgan called them, may prove to be a drug upon the market.

I note that English papers are inclined to believe that peace may come suddenly and unexpectedly, though not in the near future. Many who recall the bitterness of the contest abroad believe that it will prolong the struggle for two or three years to come, or at least until the resources of some of the contending parties are more nearly exhausted. A breakdown in Austria is first looked for.

The greatest prosperity factor, outside of the crop situation, so far as this country is concerned is the presidential election. It does not escape observation that as election day approaches, the leaders of both political parties are expressing a greater interest in the consideration of business. The voters are making up their minds as to which party can best be depended upon for the constructive legislation that our industries and railways require. Everybody wants prosperity and every thoughtful voter will be on the side of the candidate who promises to help prosperity.

As the campaign proceeds and as the utterances of the presidential candidates are heard and weighed, the judgment of the public will be formed, and as soon as it becomes apparent that this judgment will be in favor of a candidate distinctly representing a constructive policy, the stock market and business generally will reflect this sentiment.

The Best Passage.

A somewhat conceited clergyman, who was more celebrated for the length of his sermons than for their eloquence, once asked the late Father Healy, the famous Irish wit, what he thought of the one just preached.

"Well, sir," replied the humorist, "I like one passage exceedingly well."

"Indeed, Father Healy, and pardon me for asking which passage you refer to."

"Well, my dear sir," replied the wit, "the passage I refer to was from the pulpit to the vestry room."

A Valuable Fish.

Fishermen off the southern side of the cape have been capturing sturgeon and tossing them back because they did not know what to do with the big fish. Now they are shipping them to market, having discovered that they are worth 18 cents a pound, and are considered better even than swordfish. Sturgeon flesh is salmon color, and the spawn, of which caviare is made, is a special dainty. Specimens taken on this coast have run from five to eight feet in length, and the fish are taken in strong nets. The fish weigh from 100 to 300 pounds.—Old Colony Memorial.

Just Couldn't Miss It.

"What's the population of this town?" asked the supercilious stranger.

"Oh, about 600," answered the native.

"Have you an active citizenship?"

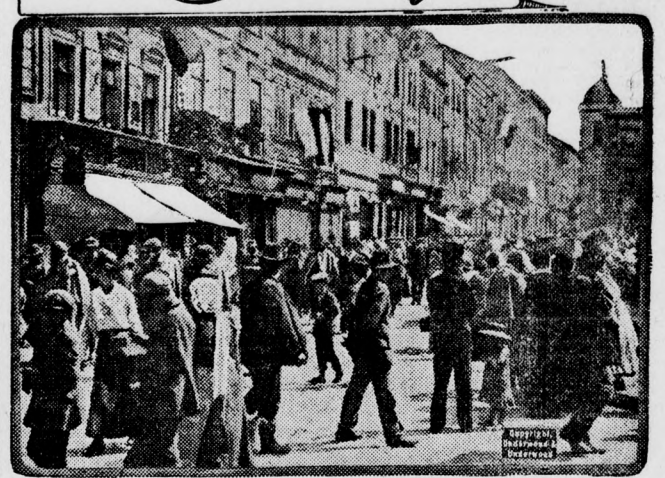
"Tolerably active, sir. The last time we had a lynchin' here some of our prominent citizens who had been bedridden for months, got up to take a hand in the proceedin's."

Truly Feminine.

"Ladies," announced the president of an afternoon bridge club, "ladies, it has been moved and seconded that there shall be no conversation at the card tables. What shall we do with the motion?"

"I suggest," said a sprightly little blonde, "I suggest that we discuss it while we play."

Lemberg and Brody



STREET SCENE IN LEMBERG

WHEN the fortifications of the inner city of Lemberg were dismantled in 1811 and the space which they occupied was converted into promenades for the prosperous citizens of this modern Galician capital of 200,000 inhabitants, it was doubtless assumed by many that, having suffered "the sling and arrows of outrageous fortune" for the five centuries of its municipal existence, fate would allot it a surcease from siege and capture, says the bulletin of the National Geographic society.

Lying 60 miles almost due east of Przemyśl, and more than 450 miles northeast of Vienna, Lemberg is situated on the banks of the Peltew river, an affluent of the Bug. It nestles in a small valley which opens to the north, and is surrounded by hills, the most picturesque being the well-wooded Franz-Josef Berg to the northeast. To the east, a distance of 7 miles, is Tarnopol, near the Russian border, one of the first points of attack when the Muscovites pushed beyond the Galician frontier.

A description of the modern city of Lemberg as it existed in August, 1914, requires many modifications today, for the scars of war are to be found in its many handsome homes; its broad, well-paved streets; its Roman Catholic cathedral, a handsome gothic structure completed in 1480; its Greek cathedral, completed in 1779; its Armenian cathedral in the Byzantine style, dating back to 1437, and its magnificent monuments to such Polish patriots as King John III Sobieski who, after having saved Lemberg from the Turks a few years previously, in 1683 saved all Europe from Mohammedan invasion by routing an army of 300,000 Turks encamped about Vienna, his own force numbering only 70,000.

Nearly 700 Years Old.

Called Lwow in the Polish tongue and Leopold in Latin, Lemberg was founded by a Ruthenian prince in 1259. Nearly a hundred years later it was added to the domain of Casimir the Great, who bestowed upon the city the charter and privileges widely known during the middle ages as the Magdeburg Right.

Following the fall of Constantinople, Lemberg enjoyed a revival of trade with the East, but it was caught in the maelstrom of rebellion and pillage which swept over the Ukraine and a part of Poland during the last half of the seventeenth century, when the Cossack hetman, Chmielnicki, was directing the infamies of the "serfs' fury."

Lemberg was one of the Polish cities to fall before the arms of Charles XII of Sweden when the ill-advised Augustus II was drawn into the Great Northern war, which devastated Central Europe for the first 20 years of the eighteenth century. In 1772, upon the first partition of Poland, Lemberg became an Austrian possession, and 12 years after this event Joseph II established the University of Lemberg which, at the time of the outbreak of the present war, had more than 2,000 students.

One of the most attractive parks of Lemberg, and a favorite promenade, bears the name of the Polish patriot, Jan Killinski, a humble little shoemaker, who fought bravely in 1796, was captured and taken to St. Petersburg. After his release he returned to his shoemaker's bench and in his leisure hours wrote his recollections, a valuable record of this period of his country's history.

Since the establishment of the Galician diet in 1861 Lemberg has enjoyed increasing prosperity. Its manufactures include machinery and ironware, matches, candles, liquors, chocolate, leather, bricks and tiles, while its commerce is largely in linen, flax, hemp, wool and oil.

In 1907 two interesting finds were made in the vicinity of this city by laborers boring for oil. The bodies of an elephant and a rhinoceros were unearthed in a remarkable state of preservation, even the hides being intact, due, probably, to the preservative qualities of the oily soil in which they were buried.

Brody a Commercial Center.

Only about two miles beyond the Russian border, the Galician town of Brody is a point of great strategic importance on the eastern war front because it controls an important railway line leading from Dubno, 35 miles to the northeast, to Lemberg, which is only 62 miles to the southwest.

At the beginning of the world war Brody was a thriving commercial center with a population approaching 20,000, more than two-thirds of whom were Jews. Its prosperity was checked to some extent about 40 years ago, when, after having enjoyed the privileges of a free commercial city for exactly 100 years, its charter was withdrawn.

Less than half a century before Brody was created a town in the seventeenth century it was the scene of an important battle in which the Poles, commanded by their famous grand hetman, Stanislaus Ponieckowski, defeated a Tartar army. This was the last battle of Ponieckowski's distinguished career. For a quarter of a century he was at war with Turks and Swedes, his initiation in military science being somewhat disastrous, for he was captured by the Turks in his first important engagement and, was held in close confinement for three years at Constantinople. Upon his release in 1662 he was placed in command of the Polish republic's forces and with a force of 25,000 defeated 60,000 Tartars at Martynow. His achievements against the army of Gustavus Adolphus were no less noteworthy than his long series of victories whereby he succeeded in keeping the Ukraine under Polish rule.

Brody twice suffered from disastrous conflagrations during the nineteenth century. The first, occurring in 1801, destroyed 1,500 houses, while the fire of 1859 reduced 1,000 homes and business establishments to ashes.

The upper waters of the Sty river form an irregular arc extending from the southwest to the north of Brody, being ten miles distant at its nearest point, toward the northwest. Five miles from the city, just beyond the border on the Dubno-Lemberg railway, is the Russian town of Radziwillow, with a population of about 8,000.

USE ARABS TO FIGHT LOCUSTS

Soldiers Dig Trenches Into Which Hatching Pests Were Driven and Destroyed.

Djemal Pasha put some thousands of Arab soldiers at my brother's disposition, and these were set to work digging trenches into which the hatching locusts were driven and destroyed. This is the only means of coping with the situation; once the locusts get their wings, nothing can be done with them. It was a hopeless fight. Nothing short of the co-operation of every farmer in the country could have won the day; and while the people of the progressive Jewish villages struggled on to the end—men, women and children working in the fields until they were exhausted—the Arab farmers sat by with folded hands. The threats of the military authorities only stirred them to half-hearted efforts. Finally, after two months of toil, the campaign was given up and the locusts broke in waves over the countryside, destroying everything. As the Prophet Joel said: "The land is as the Garden of Eden before them, and behind them a desolate wilderness. The field is wasted; the land mourneth, for the corn is wasted; the new wine is dried up, the oil languisheth."

Not only was every green leaf devoured, but the very bark was peeled from the trees, which stood out white and lifeless, like skeletons. The fields were striped to the ground, and the old men of our villages, who had given their lives to cultivating these gardens and vineyards, came out of the synagogues where they had been praying and walling and looked on the ruin with dimmed eyes. Nothing was spared. The insects, in their fierce hunger, tried to engulf everything in their way.—Alexander Aaronsohn, in *Atlantic*.

A Horrible Accident.

A popular sportsman, being vastly conceited about his fine figure, wore corsets to show it off. One day he was thrown from his horse and lay prone on the road. A farm laborer ran to render him assistance. The first-aid man began to feel the fallen one all over to see if any bones happened to be broken, and suddenly yelled out to another laborer:

"Run, Jack, for heaven's sake, for a doctor. Here's a man's ribs runnin' north and south, instead o' east and west."

A STRANGE CASE. Blood Turned to Water

Oakland, Cal.—"My sister-in-law was poisoned, her blood turned to water, the doctors gave her up, said she could never be cured. She finally took Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery which cured her. We consider it a miracle.

"I have had six operations which left me in a nervous state, with loss of sleep and appetite. I commenced using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Pleasant Pellets. My general health commenced to improve after the first bottle. I took six bottles and was cured, gained 30 pounds. I wish to give Dr. Pierce the highest endorsement for his remedies."—Mrs. MAE TRUBOW, 801 26th St.

Many California people need this powerful vegetable remedy that puts the stomach, liver and bowels in fine condition; that clears the skin of pimples, rash, blemishes, and eczema; that dissolves boils and carbuncles; that makes nerves stronger and steadier, and gives to pale, weak, run-down people the fullest measure of health and happiness.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, free from alcohol or narcotics, does just what is stated above, simply because it banishes from the blood all poison and impure matter. It dissolves the impure deposits and carries them out, as it does all impurities, through the Liver, Bowels, Kidneys and Skin.

If you have a bad cough, bronchitis, nasal or other catarrh, unsteady nerves or unsightly skin, get Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to-day and start at once to replace your impure blood with the kind that puts energy and ambition into you and brings back youth and vigorous action.

All medicine dealers can supply you in either liquid or tablet form or send 50 cents for trial box of tablets to Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y. Write for free booklet on blood.

BLACK LEG
LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED
by CUTTER'S BLACK PILES
Low-priced,
fresh, reliable,
preferred by
western stock-
men, because they
protect where other
vacuines fail.
Write for booklet and testimonials.
10-dose pkg. Blacking Piles, \$1.00
50-dose pkg. Blacking Piles, \$4.00
Use any injector, but Cutter's simplest and strongest.
The superiority of Cutter products is due to over 15
years of specializing in VACCINES AND SERUMS
ONLY. INSIST ON CUTTER'S. If unsatisfactory,
order direct.
The Cutter Laboratory, Berkeley, California

Purified Water.

Throughout the whole country the word has been passed to beware of bad water.

Your family doctor will tell you that the safest thing to do is to boil every drop of water that you drink.

Here is a simple arrangement for distilling water:

Slip one end of a hose over the kettle and let the other end pass down through a tightly fitting cork into an earthenware jug.

The steam rising from the kettle spout passes through the hose to the jug, and as the latter is cooled by the water outside, the steam condenses, or once more becomes water minus all impurities.

Once the device is set up you will not need to pay much attention to it, for the steam that usually goes to waste will be constantly forming into water.

The water surrounding the jug need only be changed once a day.

YOU CAN CURE THAT BACKACHE.
Pain along the back, dizziness, headache and general languor. Get a package of MOTHER GRAY'S AROMATIC LBAF, the pleasant root and herb cure for all Kidney, Bladder and Urinary troubles. MOTHER GRAY'S AROMATIC LBAF is sold by all Druggists or sent by mail for 50c. Sample sent FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N.Y.—Adv.

More Asbestos Produced.

The asbestos-producing industry of the United States is growing. For many years we have been the greatest manufacturers and users of asbestos, drawing our raw material from Canada, but we are now getting some excellent fiber in our own country. The most notable feature of the asbestos industry in 1914 was the development of a new field in Arizona, which is furnishing a grade of fiber that compares very favorably with the Canadian. As the mineral occurs in the Grand Canyon it is frequently designated Grand Canyon asbestos, although the deposit in that remarkable natural wonder is not yet producing asbestos commercially. For electric installation the Arizona asbestos is even better than the Canadian product, for it contains a lower percentage of iron. Asbestos of a low grade has been produced in Georgia for many years.

"AMERICA, FIRST"

for the welfare of
the Nation

HOSTETTER'S, First

For the welfare of
the Stomach
and Bowels

FOR
POOR APPETITE
INDIGESTION
BILIOUSNESS
OR MALARIA

TRY
HOSTETTER'S
Stomach Bitters

DOC WHITE ALWAYS WAS HOODOO TO POOR YANKS

Long After He Was All Done, White
Sox Carried Him on Pay Roll
Just to Kill New York.

For several seasons after Doc White had outlived his usefulness against the general run of American league clubs he was retained as a member of the White Sox hurling corps for the especial benefit of the Yankees. A mark for practically every other team in his circuit during the last few years of his Chicago connection, White was a veritable left-handed Johnson against the Yankees almost to the very end.

Came a time eventually when a managerial job called him to the Pacific coast for the first time in many a long and dreary year, and the Yan-



Doc White.

kees felt free and easy in their competition against the White Sox. Their hopes were speedily dashed, however, for White had scarcely gone away from Chicago when Ed Cicotte bobbed up to cast upon the New Yorkers a spell almost as potent as the old White hoodoo itself.

A failure at Boston, Cicotte has been of pretty much no account with Chicago except when pitted against the Yankees. Boston has given him some unmerciful lacerations, Detroit has his number, Cleveland welcomes infrequent appearance against the Indians with squeals of joy, and even Washington holds him in poor esteem. Against the Yankees, however, he almost invariably looks like the best pitcher in all the world.

Things That Are New.

To keep a woman's hands warm in a muff a nickel cylinder which, when heated on a stove, will retain the heat for hours, has been invented.

For use in French colonial waters where rank vegetation would foul submerged wheels shallow draft boats have been built that are driven by aeroplane motors and propellers.

Of German invention is a camera small enough to be carried by a pigeon which takes photographs automatically as a bird flies with it over a place of which information is desired. To help in adjusting the bearings of car wheels when away from a repair shop is the purpose of a new device that locks a wheel firmly to the track and prevents it being moved.

Padlocked pockets, with slots through which coins can be dropped, have been patented for use by persons employed in public places who must share with employers tips they receive.

To find leaks in motorcycle tires there has been invented a box to fit over them in compartments of which is loose cotton that is moved by the escaping air as it passes over a hole.

For hair singeing a comb has been invented that entirely surrounds the hair and guards against any danger of it catching fire.

A set of aluminum cooking utensils with an interchangeable handle for all, easily kept cool, has been patented by a New York inventor.

An Englishman has invented a device to enable aviators in flight to pick up messages from the ground by dropping a gannet at the end of a line.

Attached to a life preserver invented by a Buffalo man is a device that enables him to breathe in the roughest water and also to signal for help.

Passing of the Kimono.

Fortunately for the appearance and for the business of the household, women have abandoned kimonos for house wear excepting for the bathrobe and in case of sickness. There is no greater encouragement to sloppiness and laziness than the kimono, although it is a great garment in its place. The everlasting sleeves are always in the way, and the fronts have a habit of presenting themselves directly under one's feet.

Most women find it better to make home dresses to open all the way down the front so they can be ironed without trouble. They can be snapped together quickly or they may be buttoned.

Railroad Burning Coal Dust.

A device for burning both hard and soft coal dust and siftings, which have formed mostly waste on the American railroads since the beginning of their history, has been perfected and attached to one of the largest of the consolidation type locomotives in the United States, owned by the Delaware & Hudson railroad.

UGH! A DOSE OF NASTY CALOMEL

It salivates! It makes you sick
and you may lose a
day's work.

You're bilious, sluggish, constipated and believe you need vile, dangerous calomel to start your liver and clean your bowels.

Here's my guarantee! Ask your druggist for a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tonic and take a spoonful tonight. If it doesn't start your liver and straighten you right up better than calomel and without griping or making you sick I want you to go back to the store and get your money.

Take calomel today and tomorrow you will feel weak and sick and nauseated. Don't lose a day's work. Take a spoonful of harmless, vegetable Dodson's Liver Tonic tonight and wake up feeling great. It's perfectly harmless, so give it to your children any time. It can't salivate, so let them eat anything afterwards.—Adv.

COLLIE HERO KILLS SNAKE

Dog Sacrifices Own Life to Save That
of His Six-Year-Old Mis-
tress.

Don, a collie dog owned by John Miller of Fairfield avenue, West Caldwell, N. J., gave up his life to save Agnes, the six-year-old daughter of his master.

Agnes and her elder sister, Clara, were romping with the dog when it pounced upon a copperhead snake directly in the path of the little girl. The elder sister grabbed Agnes and ran home with her and informed their father.

Miller ran to the scene with a club, but before he got there the dog had killed the snake, but had himself been bitten. Shortly after he got back to the house he showed symptoms of poisoning and soon after died. Miss Clara Miller said that had not the dog tackled the snake when he did her little sister would have been bitten.

It Takes the Fire Out.

To take the fire out of a burn or scald quickly use Hanford's Balsam of Myrrh. Apply it lightly at once and the inflamed skin should be quickly cooled. Be prepared for accidents by always having a bottle on hand. Adv.

Source of the Nile.

To discover the source of the Nile, hid from the knowledge of all antiquity, was the object of Bruce's adventurous journey; and we can readily enter into his emotions as he stood by the two fountains, after all the toils and hazards he had braved.

Bruce, however, labored under an error in supposing the stream he had followed to be the main branch of the Nile. He had traced to its springs the smaller of the two great rivers which contribute to form this celebrated stream.

Send 10c. to Dr. Pierce Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, for large trial package of "Anuric" for kidneys, cures backache.

Stark Realism.

Mother (entering the nursery)—Children, why do you sit about looking so solemn and unhappy? Why not play a game of some sort?

One of 'Em—We are playing. We're grown-up ladies making a call.

Made since 1846—Hanford's Balsam. Adv.

In Murder Trials.

"It's bound to come."
"What is?"
"The time when the beautiful actress, instead of telling the jury her life story, will have it shown to slow music as a film."

HUSBAND OBJECTS TO OPERATION

Wife Cured by Lydia E.
Pinkham's Vegetable
Compound

Des Moines, Iowa.—"Four years ago I was very sick and my life was nearly spent. The doctors stated that I would never get well without an operation and that without it I would not live one year. My husband objected to any operation and got me some of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it and commenced



to get better and am now well, am stout and able to do my own housework. I can recommend the Vegetable Compound to any woman who is sick and run down as a wonderful strength and health restorer. My husband says I would have been in my grave ere this if it had not been for your Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. BLANCHE JEFFERSON, 703 Lyon St., Des Moines, Iowa.

Before submitting to a surgical operation it is wise to try to build up the female system and cure its derangements with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; it has saved many women from surgical operations.

Write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for advice—it will be confidential.

RED MAN PROGRESSING

Passing of Indian Medicine Man
New Step Forward.

Uncle Sam, in Effort to Perpetuate
Race, Aids His Wards in Put-
ting End to the Ravages
of Disease.

The day of the old-time Indian medicine man is rapidly passing. Encouraged by Uncle Sam, the red man is turning more and more to the white man's physician and his medicine.

The passing of the Indian medicine man marks another step toward the Americanization of the original American. In the face of the march of civilization through the reservations of the red men, the medicine man has held his own to a remarkable degree until recently, when the ravages of tuberculosis and trachoma among the adults and the heavy mortality among the infants on the reservations led to the conclusion that if the red man was to be perpetuated, modern sanitary and medical measures must be adopted.

Uncle Sam has endeavored to do his part in the protection of his wards by greatly increasing the number of hospitals for the use of the Indians. While there were only 53 hospitals in 1912, with a capacity of 1,256, there were 74 in 1915, with a capacity of 2,045, and more are being built or planned.

Substantial increases have also been made in the number of field matrons and nurses, and an attempt made to furnish the best practicable service with the appropriations that congress would make possible.

In view of the widespread prevalence of trachoma and tuberculosis, as reported by the investigation of the public health service, ophthalmologists have been increased in number from three to seven, and the number of regular agency physicians increased from 89 to 130, and contract physicians from 53 to 76.

The appropriation for relief of distress has been increased from \$200,000 to \$350,000.

Modern thought having indicated the importance of well-cared-for teeth, seven traveling dentists have been employed, whose duty it is to keep the teeth of the children enrolled in Indian schools in the best condition practicable.

In an effort to improve the sanitary surroundings under which Indians must live, campaigns for sanitary clean-ups have been waged on the various reservations.

The importance of bringing about a real improvement in infant mortality if the Indian is to be perpetuated has been recognized, and an earnest campaign has been instituted and is now in force to save the babies. This campaign has brought out the most cordial co-operation on the part of all employees in the service, and while the results can only be shown after a period of years its effectiveness is even now apparent.

FEW REALIZE VASTNESS OF THE GRAND CANYON

Few persons can realize on a first view of the Grand Canyon that it is more than a mile deep and from eight to ten miles wide. The cliffs descending to its depths form a succession of huge steps, each 300 to 500 feet high, with steep rocky slopes between. The cliffs are the edges of hard beds of limestone or sandstone; the intervening slopes mark the outcrops of softer beds. This series of beds is more than 3,600 feet thick, and the beds lie nearly horizontal. Far down in the canyon is a broad shelf caused by the hard sandstone at the base of this series, deeply trenched by a narrow inner canyon cut a thousand feet or more into the underlying "granite." The rocks vary in color from white and buff to red and pale green. They present a marvelous variety of picturesque forms, mostly on a titanic scale, fashioned mainly by erosion by running water, the agent which has excavated the canyon.

"CONSCIENCE FUND" BOOSTED

Uncle Sam Enriched by More Than
\$54,000, Biggest Contribution
Made in Any One Year.

Whether or not it is indicative of the growth of the public conscience, Uncle Sam profited more in 1915 by the awakening of the consciences of some individuals than he had in any other year since the "conscience fund" of the treasury department came into existence in 1887. In that year the total contributions to the fund were \$250. During the last fiscal year the fund was increased by more than \$54,000.

It is pointed out that conscience has recently been unusually active, not only to enriching the federal treasury but in helping private and public corporations and individuals. An Ohio man paid 25 cents for apples stolen six years ago; a Californian paid a newspaper subscription 33 years overdue; a woman sent stamps to a Kansas City street railway company to pay for four fares, and a Pennsylvanian paid up a hotel bill he skipped 25 years ago.

WINCHESTER

HUNTING RIFLES

When you look over the sights of your rifle and see an animal like this silhouetted against the background, you like to feel certain that your equipment is equal to the occasion. The majority of successful hunters use Winchester Rifles, which shows how they are esteemed. They are made in various styles and calibers and ARE SUITABLE FOR ALL KINDS OF HUNTING



DON'T SUFFER FROM

Rheumatism

when you can easily find quick relief from this cruel disease in any stage. Anti-Uric, made from Roots and Berries, gradually soothes away the poison from the system, no matter how severe or long standing the case may be. Send \$1.50 today for a treatment prepaid to your address. Results guaranteed or money refunded, or sent C. O. D. by Parcel Post. Write for circulars and letters from those benefited. Don't put it off. Simply send today. Address ANTI-URIC CO., 104 Sherwood Bldg., San Francisco.

Waiting.

The man getting his hair cut noticed that the barber's dog, which was lying on the floor beside the chair, had his eyes fixed on his master at work.

"Nice dog, that," said the customer.

"He is, sir."

"He seems very fond of watching you cut hair."

"It ain't that, sir," explained the barber. "You see, sometimes I make a mistake and snip off a little bit of a customer's ear."—People's Home Journal.

Sore Eyes

Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Marine Eye Remedy. No Smearing, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Marine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free Ask Druggists or Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

What a Tourist Heard.

A tourist in Ireland came upon a couple of men "in holts" rolling on the road. The man on top was pumping the other within an inch of his life. The traveler looked on for a moment in silence and then intervened.

"I say, it's an infernal shame to strike a man when he's down."

"Faith, if yez knew all the trouble I had gettin' him down yez wouldn't be talkin' like that," came the intermittent reply.—Judge.

For inflamed sore eyes apply Hanford's Balsam lightly to the closed lids. It should relieve in five minutes. Adv.

Strange.

"There are always two sides to an argument," remarked the parlor philosopher.

"Which is all the more remarkable when you consider that there is only one end," said the mere man.—Judge.

"How do you like your new motor car?"

"I don't know," said the nervous woman. "But I'm sure it's much better than it sounds."—Washington Star.

For weak joints apply Hanford's Balsam thoroughly and well rubbed in. Adv.

Strictly Up to Date.

A Long Island teacher was recounting the story of Red Riding Hood. After describing the woods and the wild animals that flourished therein she added:

"Suddenly Red Riding Hood heard a great noise. She turned about, and what do you suppose she saw standing there, gazing at her and showing all its sharp, white teeth?"

"Teddy Roosevelt!" volunteered one of the boys.

SAN FRANCISCO HOTELS

San Francisco, Cal. LANKERSHIM HOTEL

55 FIFTH ST., OPPOSITE U.S. MINT
New Fireproof Hotel 350 Rooms
Every Modern Up to Date Convenience
Large Ground Floor Lobby

RATES EUROPEAN PLAN
Single rooms 75c per day, 1 person without bath
Double rooms \$1.00 per day, 2 " " with bath
Single rooms \$1.50 per day, 1 " " with bath
Double rooms \$2.00 per day, 2 " " " " " "

We are now making special rates to permanent guests, weekly and monthly.
You don't need a map to find the Lankershim Hotel. It is in the very center of San Francisco. Take the Universal Bus to the Hotel at our expense. F. KLEIN, Manager.

Free Teddy Bears

for wrappers from

White Bear Soap

S. F. N. U. 40, 1916

WHEN WRITING ADVERTISERS
PLEASE MENTION THIS PAPER.

PATENT ATTORNEYS

PATENTS that protect are secured through
PACIFIC COAST PATENT AGENCY, Inc.,
Savings and Loan Building, Stockton, California.

LADIES! For female complaints use Mrs. Sumner's home treatment. Mrs. Iveswick, Apt. 12 Hill St., San Francisco. Samples given.

A Lady of Letters.

"That stinky looking lady going by over there is our well-known authoress!" triumphantly stated the landlord of the Petunia tavern. "Her contributions are printed in the big newspapers all over the country. She is an old maid. Her name is Miss Cleopatra Clatter."

"Strange, but I do not remember having heard anything about her," said the stranger. "What does she write—poetry?"

"Nope; testimonials. She has been cured of most all the heirs that human flesh is ill to, as the feller said."—Pittsburgh Chronicle Telegraph.

For bruises use Hanford's Balsam. Adv.

Lightning Begins on Time.

A bolt of lightning, shooting through an 18-inch stone wall at the home of William Reese, near Valley Forge, Pa., tore a hole in the building as large as a man's head, struck a grandfather's clock in a room where the family was gathered and threw the glass door of the clock across the room, shattering it into a thousand pieces over the head of the farmer, who was lying on a couch.

The bolt, stunning his oldest daughter, rendering the younger daughter deaf and shocking all in the room, discharged itself through the lower portion of the house, and a dog which lay on the floor was killed.

The works of the clock were damaged and the wood splintered.

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"
\$3.00 \$3.50 \$4.00 \$4.50 & \$5.00
Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.
W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., Brockton, Mass.



CAMPBELL INTERURBAN PRESS

Published every Friday by
HARRY C. SMITH

Entered as second-class matter September 30,
1909, at the Postoffice at Campbell, California, under
the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

SOCIETIES.

Agonic Notice
Charity Lodge, No. 362, F. & A. M.,
Campbell, Cal. Stated meetings held
on the second Monday of each month.
W. I. Merrill, W. M.
James Fabinger, Secretary.

Independent Order of Odd Fellows
Morning Light Lodge, No. 42, meets
every Thursday evening in Odd Fel-
lows Hall. Sojourning brothers are
cordially invited to attend lodge meetings.
Frank Coulson, Noble Grand.
D. Poston, Secretary.

Patrons of Husbandry
Orchard City Grange, No. 333, meets on the
second and fourth Tuesday evenings at the Odd
Fellows Hall. Sojourning members are cordially
invited to attend.
E. K. Clendenning, Worthy Master.
Mrs. Edna Kessling, Worthy Secretary.

Paternal Aid Union
Patna Leaf Council, No. 569, meets on the second
and fourth Saturday evenings at Odd Fellows Hall.
Sojourning members are cordially invited to attend.
EDW. O. EVANS, President.
Mrs. S. J. Brandenburg, Secretary.

Brotherhood of American Yeomen
Orchard City Homestead No. 5265
meets 1st & 3rd Wednesdays
of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall at
Campbell. All Yeomen are cordi-
ally invited to attend meetings.
Edward O. Evans, Harry C. Smith,
Honorable Foreman Correspondent

Dr. Ernest A. Abbott
Dentist
Room 6, PORTER BUILDING
Phone San Jose 2447 San Jose, Cal.

DR. W. I. MERRILL
Physician and Surgeon
Office Formerly Occupied by Dr. Couper
Office Hours
1 to 4 and 7 to 8
Holidays and Sundays
12 to 1 Office and Residence
Phone 31 J

L. D. BOHNETT
W. C. BOHNETT
Attorneys and Counselors
313-314 Bank of San Jose Building.
Notary Public
Residence, 199 Delmas Ave., Phone, S. J. 5735

Robert L. Blaine
News Agent for Daily
San Francisco Papers
Delivered at Your Door

Homer DeWitt Pugh
VOCAL ART
Elizabeth Aten Pugh
PIANO AND THEORY
447 E. Santa Clara St. Phone S. J. 4052
San Jose Calif.

Phone S. J. 60
GOLDEN WEST
& National Cleaners
Dry Cleaners
Blanket
Experts
Hat
Feather
Curtain
Work

House of Dyes
25 S. 3rd St.
San Jose, Cal.
Campbell Agent.
H. C. Smith Phone 31L

See our new assortment of fountain
pens. Smith's.

How Welshwomen Carry Their Babies.
The quaint old Welsh way in which
Swansea women carry their babies at-
tracts every one's notice when visiting
that town for the first time. A big
shawl over the right shoulder is drawn
down to the left hip, where the two
ends of the shawl are met and held to-
gether, forming a sort of pouch or
pocket, in which the baby snuggles
cozily and safely. Its weight is so sup-
ported by the hip and distributed by
the shawl over the whole upper part of
the body that there is no strain at all
nor any tiring of the arms. This prob-
ably accounts for the upright carriage
of the Welsh mother.—London Tele-
graph.

Always the Way.
This world has a place for every-
body, but there's usually somebody
too fit for it.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

School Life in Africa

Umzumbe M. S., via Morrisos, Natal,
South Africa, July 25, 1916.

Dear Friends:

Our first term of school is over and
our girls have scattered to the four
winds and for 200 miles up and down
this coast. Before they all come flutter-
ing back, with their white bundles on
their heads, I want to give you a little
idea of what boarding school life is like
in the wilds of Africa. In the first place
ours is a very happy school, thanks to
Miss Tebbat, who for years has most
beautifully played the Glad game almost
alone in this remote spot. The girls
just love this kind teacher-friend, and
we are so glad she is staying on with us
for another year, taking the brunt of the
school work.

Shall I perhaps tell you of the fun we
have had? You will readily see what a
very important part wholesome frolics
must have on our school program. When
we take these girls away from all their
heathen fun, from all the lovely beer
drinks and wedding feasts, and from a
good many unmentionable pastimes, it is
up to us to substitute some form of
amusements such as will not only appeal
to the girls but which they can duplicate
in their homes. To this end we have
had games out in the moonlight, where
the girls have pranced and danced in a
truly hilarious fashion but with Miss
Tebbat's guiding hand always on the
helm. Then we got up a soap bubble
party. This was my stunt! We found
that reeds from the river made beautiful
pipes, besides looking less heathenish
than real ones, so each girl soon pro-
vided herself with a lovely reed blower.
I put a huge bowl of strong suids out on
the verandah and soon every girl in
school was blowing bubbles at every
odd moment. This practice lasted for a
day or two. Then we had our contest.
The girls came up before the judges in
sets of eight and blew for dear life.
Then the winners came up and blew
more bubbles, soft and fine. A bottle of
candy from our trader's store was a
sumptuous prize for the final winner.
It was awarded amidst fairly deafening
shrieks and the subsequent quiet of our
bed-rooms was balm to some of us.

Later in the term we had a "Yellow
Party". The whole place was ablaze
with yellow daisies, so we offered a
prize to the girl who would bedeck her-
self in the most original way with these
daisies or miniature sunflowers. When
all was ready, the girls came to call us.
As we entered the school-room, every
girl rose as is the usual custom, and it
was indeed a pretty sight. Garlands of
yellow streamed around waists and
necks and heads. Some had anklets of
daisies; others had outlined an apron
pattern on their white dresses with
daisies. It was a difficult task for the
judges to come to a decision. Various
stunts with lemons and a treat of lemon-
ade all around concluded our "Yellow
evening"; and another lesson has been
learned in how to have harmless fun.

Mr. Cowles gave the girls two even-
ings with our beautiful Edison phono-
graph. We very much enjoyed sharing
with our big family what to us is such a
constant blessing. I never get over the
wonder of it,—this hearing classic music,
Schubert's Serenade, The Lorelei, Ruben
stein's, Kamenoi Ostrow, etc., etc., right
here in our bush home. Heathen peo-
ple dressed in their skins and beads
stop as they pass on the road below our
house and listen. How we do thank
the good friends, constantly, who made
this luxury a possibility for us and our
people. But this is digression. Next
term Mr. Cowles is going to introduce
an occasional civilized debate into the
program of fun. Oh, next term we are
going to do all sorts of things!

We are not just working for girls here,
we are training and inspiring the future
mothers and home-makers of this Zulu
race, the finest race of savages in all
the world, perhaps. If only miserable
white civilization would let our people
alone! That is our worst problem, the
corrupting towns of civilized Europeans.
If we could only be delivered from all
that, a warfare against straight dead
black heathenism would seem compara-
tively simple. Our girls must face that.
They must raise up clean homes right in
the midst of the double heathenism of
savagery and corrupt white people. Is
not theirs a task fit to make the best
trained of their teachers quail. But it is
through these girls, through the homes
which they will eventually establish,
that the salvation of this Zulu race must
be wrought. To bring this about is the
task to which our Women's Boards have
set their hands. Because we realize so
constantly the serious nature of our
task, because we know that without
deep—down religion, all this work will
be of no avail, therefore it was most
gratifying to have last term close with a
strong, quiet religious awakening among
our girls. Mr. Cowles had taken over
the Bible teaching of the school early in
the term. For weeks the girls had been
having pretty solid instruction in the
Bible. I had also organized a Christian
Endeavor society which the girls took
hold of wonderfully in all the various
committees, etc. Still we did not see
the real awakening and interest we
longed for. Finally just before the term
closed, our Mr. Taylor, the head of our
theological school, came to us on an
evangelistic tour. Mr. Taylor's search
for a man to take us just the help we

THE single tax amendment No. 5 on the November ballot de-
clares that all revenues, taxes or charges for revenue shall be raised by
taxation of land values exclusive of improvements. This act will re-
move corporation and individual properties, factories, goods and all
taxable holdings except land from revenue production. This means
that about one half of the source of revenue of the state will be cut off
and applied to the land. By this act land taxes will be more than
doubled. The present valuations placed on properties will be annulled
and an unsettled state will exist until the new method applied. Saloon
licenses, pedlar license dog taxes, in fact every tax except land and in-
heritance will be removed and the farmer will bear the burden.

ARE YOU REGISTERED? It is the duty of every one interested
in the prohibition measures to register at once if they have not already.
The battle for prohibition will be practically won or lost between now
and Oct. 7th. There are enough dry voters in this state to carry the
measures if they register and vote. Do you want to feel that the burden
of defeat rests on your shoulders? Register today. See that your
friends are, too. Reports and statistics from all the states that recently
joined the dry ranks show marked increase in all lines of business
with more than proportionate decrease in crimes, vagrancy charges
and other things that cost the public in taxes.

needed. There was a general breaking
down among the girls. Before they left
for their homes, every girl in school
with two or three exceptions had signed
a card of reconsecration. It was lovely
to have them express such gratitude for
the help they had received. In my last
C. E. meeting for the term, two or three
girls stood up at a time and for an hour
all testified to the great help the special
meetings had brot them.

As to the schoolroom work proper,
the actual teaching of the three R's, Miss
Tebbat has charge. Suffice it to say
that in the Government "exams" of two
years ago, this school came out second
in the colony,—another feather in Miss
Tebbat's cap.

We make a good deal of our holidays
here. On Victoria Day, for instance,
Miss Tebbat marshalled her host and
off they went twelve miles to the sea. At
the command of their general, every girl
started off with a huge bundle on her
head. Provisions for two days for sixty
Zulu girls was no joke to plan for, but it
all went on their heads poised as lightly
as a feather,—boiled ears of corn 200 or
more, 150 oranges, a whole boiled pig
cut up, loaves of bread, buckets of samp
and beans, all to be eaten cold. Away it
went, down the hill and across the river
and up the opposite mountain sides, un-
til four miles from here a trader's wagon
took it the remaining eight miles. At the
beach the girls jumped and danced in
the glorious Indian Ocean surf, and at
night tired out, they all rolled them-
selves in their blankets and with their
teachers sang hymns and then went off
to sleep, out under the starry sky, liter-
ally in the African wilds,—perfectly safe
out there on the sand, for no nan or
beast would dare to disturb such a host
of sinewy Zulu maidens.

Perhaps there is nothing more of special
interest to relate, altho every day is
full of some excitement, and we often
sigh for a taste of the dull monotony we
are supposed to be enduring. Three
cases of snake bite were rather interest-
ing. One of them was one of our own
girls, bitten on the school verandah. It
was lively work for a while, but ligatures
and a lance and prompt applica-
tion of Permanganate did the business
in each case, and all recovered. Need-
less to say we were all pretty particular
to carry lanterns at night for a while.
(Continued.)

Fountain Pens, Waterman and Conklin
at SMITH'S.

S. G. Nelson motored to Berkeley
Tuesday, returning Wednesday.

W. T. Morton went to Stockton with
his friend, Mr. Fredericks, who visited
here last week.

The regular October meeting of the
Home and School Club has been post-
poned one week, to Oct. 10th.

ADEQUATE NATIONAL
DEFENSE DEMANDED

We demand adequate national
defense; adequate protection on
both our western and eastern
coasts. We demand thorough-
ness and efficiency in both arms
of the service. It seems to be
plain that our regular army is
too small. We are too great a
country to require of our citizens
who are engaged in peaceful vo-
cations the sort of military serv-
ice to which they are now called.
As well insist that our citizens
in this metropolis be summoned
to put out fires and police the
streets. We do not count it in-
consistent with our liberties, or
with our democratic ideals, to
have an adequate police force.
With a population of nearly 100,
000,000 we need to be surer of
ourselves than to become alarm-
ed at the prospect of having a
regular army which can reason-
ably protect our border, and per-
form such other military service
as may be required, in the ab-
sence of a grave emergency. I
believe, further, that there should
be not only a reasonable increase
in the regular army, but that the
first citizen reserve subject to
call should be enlisted as a fed-
eral army and trained under
federal authority.—From Mr.
Hughes' Speech of Acceptance.

W. C. T. U.

It was a happy company that gathered
in the hospitable home of Mrs. M. Poor
at the regular meeting of the Campbell
W. C. T. U.

After helpful devotional services, and
the program in the new calendars car-
ried out, a social hour was enjoyed by
the twenty or more ladies present. An
illness of several months has kept Mrs.
Poor from attending the meetings of this
organization she has loved and worked
for during the past thirty-five years.
The first president of Campbell W. C.
T. U. she is now its honorary president.
Encouraging reports were given by
various committees. One member
told of a recent letter received from her
son who said, "After being where there
are no saloons, how disgusting it is to
come into wet territory". He wrote
from Great Falls, Montana, after stop-
ping in Portland, Oregon and Spokane,
Washington. He further says, "In Ore-
gon and Washington there were num-
bers of un-employed men, but all were
well-clothed and appeared to be well-
fed and to have money in their pockets.
Here, the laboring classes, especially the
un-employed men, are poorly clothed,
ill-fed and apparently "broke". What
money they get is spent in saloons.
They appear unfit to hold a job if one
was offered them. I never realized the
difference before." Dr. Gandier's mes-
sage to look carefully after voters who
were not registered, was emphasized.
Much depends upon that work, inasmuch
as there were, two weeks ago 50,000
temperance people not registered. These
and many other facts were brought out
in the discussion that followed. Por-
tions of an inspiring address by Miss
Frances Willard were read by Mrs. Gil-
man.

Annual reports of many departments
of local work were given. The Misses
Panell served refreshments and as the
ladies bade farewell to the hostess all
felt the occasion had been thoroly en-
joyable and that another "Red Letter
Day" had been added to the list. The
next regular meeting will be held with
Mrs. Robert Kennedy at which time
election of officers will occur and dele-
gates will be elected to the State Con-
vention at San Jose, October 25th. It is
hoped there shall be a large attendance.

Methodist Church Notes

The pastor will speak Sunday morning
on "The World Situation; A Christian
Survey." The evening sermon will be
on "The Indifference of Secularity."

We are pleased to see the increasing
attendance and interest in the League
meetings. Miss Florence Kennedy is
leader for this week, the topic being,
"How Money-Spending Reveals Char-
acter." Come early and sit toward the
front. Put in yourself some of the vim
you like in meetings.

If Wednesday evening may be taken
as an indication of the spirit of the church
in entering the new conference year, we
are going to have stirring times this
year. The devotional meeting was well
attended and we had a thoroughly live
and interesting discussion of things that
will help; and the business session of
the Official Board was one of the best
we have had. The procession has
started, "Fall in!"

The Epworth League announces a
Harvest Home Celebration for Monday
evening at the church, when the young
people, representing the church as a
whole, will informally welcome the pas-
tor and family for another year, and will
also extend a welcome to the those who
united with the church during the past
year. All new comers and strangers in
the congregation will find a warm wel-
come at this social function. Come and
increase your acquaintance among our
people.

Congregational Church
Communion Preparatory Lecture
Friday, 2:30 p. m.
Sunday morning: Love, the Unending
Passion.
Sunday evening: The Value of a Re-
serve.

REV. WM. ECKLES, Pastor.

STUDENTS!

Order your books thru us and we
will be pleased to assist you. We are
always at your service, and carry a
complete line of the necessary supplies.

Waterman and Conklin Fountain Pens
See Our Tennis Goods,—the best
Smith's Stationery Store
Books and Supplies

THE NATION IS SHOCKING- LY UNPREPARED.

It is apparent that we are
shockingly unprepared. There is
no room for controversy on this
point since the object lesson on
the Mexican border. All our
available regular troops (less, I
believe, than 40,000) are there
or in Mexico, and as these have
been deemed insufficient the en-
tire national guard has been or-
dered out. That is, we are sum-
moning practically all our mov-
able military forces in order to
prevent bandit incursions. In
view of the warnings of the past
three years, it is inexcusable
that we should find ourselves in
this plight. For our faithful
guardsmen, who with a fine pa-
triotism responded to this call
and are bearing this burden, I
have nothing but praise. But I
think it little short of absurd
that we should be compelled to
call men from their shops, their
factories, their offices and their
professions for such a purpose.
This, however, is not all. The
units of the national guard were
at peace strength, which was
only about one-half the required
strength. It was necessary to
bring in recruits, for the most
part raw and untrained. Only a
small percentage of the regiments
recruited up to war strength will
have had even a year's training
in the national guard, which at
the maximum means a hun-
dred hours of military drill, and,
on the average, means much less.
Men fresh from their peaceful
employments and physically un-
prepared have been hurried to
the border for actual service.
They were without proper equip-
ment, without necessary sup-
plies; suitable conditions of trans-
portation were not provided. Men
with dependent families were
sent, and conditions which should
have been well known were dis-
covered after the event. And yet
the exigency, comparatively
speaking, was not a very grave
one. It involved nothing that
could not readily have been fore-
seen during the past three years
of disturbance and required only
a modest talent for organization.
That this administration while
pursuing its course in Mexico
should have permitted such con-
ditions to exist is almost in-
credible.—From Mr. Hughes'
Speech of Acceptance.

DR. J. C. WASSON DENTIST

CURRY BUILDING CAMPBELL, CAL.
Office Hours
9:30 to 4
Evenings and Sundays
by appointment
Phones
Home San Jose 1933
Office Campbell 454

J. C. Lloyd
General Repairing
Horse shoeing \$1.50 and \$2.00

Notice to Creditors

Estate of Patience G. Preston, Deceased
Notice is hereby given by the undersigned,
administrator of the estate of Patience G.
Preston, deceased, to the creditors of and all
persons having claims against the said de-
ceased, to file them, with the necessary vouchers,
in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court,
in and for Santa Clara County, California,
within four months after the first publication
of this Notice, or within said period to exhibit
the same, with the necessary vouchers, to the
said administrator at the office of L. D. Bohnett,
Rooms 313-314 Bank of San Jose Building, in the
City of San Jose, County of Santa Clara, State
of California, where all business connected
with said estate will be transacted,
San Jose, Cal., this 6th day of September, A. D.
1916.
John F. Duncan
Administrator of the Estate of
L. D. Bohnett, Patience G. Preston, Deceased.
Attorney for said Administrator.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County,

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is
senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney
& Co., doing business in the City of To-
ledo, County and State aforesaid, and
that said firm will pay the sum of ONE
HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and
every case of Catarrh that cannot be
cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH
CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in
my presence, this 6th day of December,
A. D. 1886.
(Seal) A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally
and acts directly upon the blood and
mucous surfaces of the system. Send
for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipa-
tion.

"Path of Gold" Celebration

San Francisco---

October 4 and 5

"Home-Coming Week"

Festival of Illumination
Pageants and Open Air Dancing
See the "Bright Lights of
Market Street"—
San Francisco's Broadway
Wonderful Electrical Effects
Grand Fancy Dress and Masque
Ball at Civic Auditorium
Spectacular Fireworks Display
Illuminated Aeroplane Flight

Reduced
Round Trip
Fares

ASK AGENTS
SOUTHERN PACIFIC
Write for Booklet on Apache Trail of Arizona

Congregational Church
Communion Preparatory Lecture
Friday, 2:30 p. m.
Sunday morning: Love, the Unending
Passion.
Sunday evening: The Value of a Re-
serve.